

# TRANSFORMER OIL HIGH VACUUM DEGASSING AND PURIFICATION PLANT CMM-6.0

6000 I/h



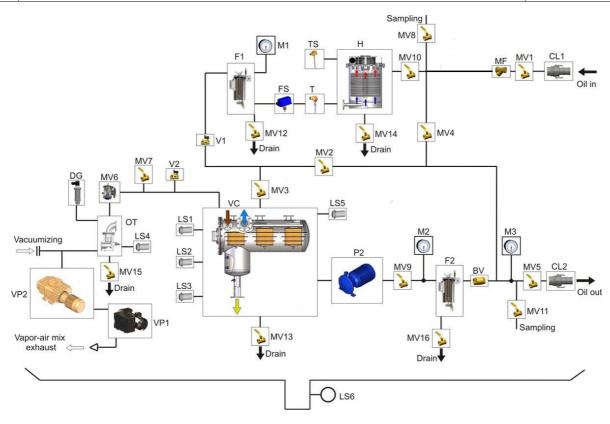


\*as option the plant can be mounted on roadworthy trailer

Oil parameter	Unit	Test method	Before treatment	After treatment
Dissolved Gas Content	%	ASTM D-2945-71	12%	0,1 %
Water content	ppm	ASTM D-1744-64	100	5
Dielectric strenght	kV	IEC 60156	≤ 20 kV	≥70 kV

# TECHNICAL PARAMETERS

Nº	ITEM	VALUE
1	Capacity , I/h	6000
2	Oil temperature, max, C <sup>U</sup>	85
3	Pressure of oil in the outlet, bar	2,5
4	Head of oil delivery related to outlet of the plant, m	35
5	Oil heater capacity, kW	100
6	Set power consumption, kW	115
7	Supply voltage, 3 phase, AC, 50 Hz, V	380
8	Dimensions, mm	1750
	- length	1300
	- width	1650
	- height	
9	Weight, kg	1200



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VC - vacuum chamber;
            P2 - oil pump;
MV1 - MV5, MV7- MV16 - ball valves;
         MV6 - vacuum valve,
            H - oil heater;
          BV - return valve;
            F1, F2 - filters;
    M1, M2, M3 - pressure-gauges;
  T - sensor of temperature regulator;
           TS - thermostat;
            FS - flow relay;
       V1 - V2 - solenoid valves;
        DG - vacuum sensor;
  LS1 - LS3, LS5 - oil level sensors;
      VP1, VP2 – vacuum pumps;
    LS4 – foam formation detector;
        LS6 – leakage detector;
           MF - mesh filter;
              OT - trap;
      CL1 – CL2 – quick-couplings
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#### Oil transfer

#### Oil pump



Centrifugal pump Capacity without working load: 7 m<sup>3</sup>/h

### Oil filtration

Mesh filter Filters 2 pcs.

200 μm, brass gauze, basket type

In welded design, vacuum and pressure-tight, complete with all necessary valves, cover and easily exchangeable filter element:

Filtration fineness:

1) 5 μm 2) 1 μm

The filter element has a graded depth function, this in order that the coarse particles are retained in the outer layers and

the finer particles only in the deeper filter layers.

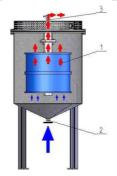
Pressure gauges

Installed for checking filter resistance, respectively the degree of contamination of the filters. Measuring range  $0-1\ \text{MPa}$ 

#### Oil heating

#### Oil heater

Oil heater is housing with installed inside inlet and outlet pipe lines, drain valve. Heater operation is fulfilled from control panel, each section is operated apart.



1 - heating block2 - cold oil inlet nozzle

**3** – heated oil outlet nozzle

## Heating power (max)

100 kW

#### Preevacuation vacuum pump

Roots vacuum pump

# Vacuum system

Suction rate: 120 m<sup>3</sup>/h Ultimate pressure: 0.5 mbar



Suction rate: 1000 m<sup>3</sup>/h Ultimate pressure:0,01 mbar

# Ultimate vacuum pressure when ≈ 1 mbar D oil treatment

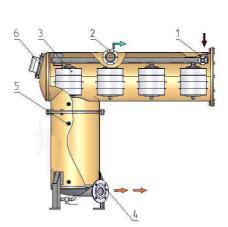
Depends on gas content in initial oil

#### Vacuum chambe

In welded design. Oil distributors are mounted in the upper part of the chamber. Outside air is fed to the drier via moisture separator and valve. The vacuum value in the chamber is controlled by ball valve and vacuum gauge. Equipped with moisture separator (vacuum trap). Illuminated sight glasses are mined for process observation.

1 - inlet
nozzle
2 - vacuum
system
connection
nozzle
3 - activating
filter
4 - oil outlet

nozzle nozzle 5 – level indication 6 – sight glass



**Receiver** - Receiver is meant for capture of gases and humidity when degassing.

Receiver consists of housing in welded design, vacuum chamber and vacuum pumps branches. There is also branch for off-site vacuum demand

and air valve.

Vacuum gauge - Control of ultimate vacuum in vacuum chamber is executed by digital

vacuum gauge

Control cabinet

**Edition** In steel enclosure. Containing all electrical apparatuses, contactors,

thermo-relays, fuses, control buttons and switches.

Control devices

**Thermistor** Oil heater cutoff when oil temperature exceed 90°C

**Flow Switch** Oil heater cutoff when no oil flow.

**Oil temperature**Oil temperature controller is interlocked with electric heating elements to maintain pre-set oil temperature. Oil temperature is maintained

to maintain pre-set oil temperature. Oil temperature is maintained automatically. The digital oil temperature controller is adjustable to set

desired oil temperature.

Oil level sensor Control of oil level in vacuum chamber

the pump off

pump off

**Foam detector** Activated when excessive foam formation

**Solenoid valve** Release vacuum when foam formation. Valve is interlocked with foam

detector to cut off oil inlet pump when excessive foam formation

Housing and pipe lines

**Disc shutter** Disc shutter with plain lug.

Housing material: cast iron GG25 Shutter material: stainless steel 316

**Ball valves** Full-bore, flange valve

Housing material: cast iron Ball material: stainless steel 304

Handle material: chrome-plated cast iron

**Vacuum silphon valve** Vacuum silphon valve

Housing material: brass

**Vacuum valve** Housing material : steel

Gasket: vacuum and oil tight rubber, type 9024

**Non-return valve** Prevents the oil from flowing back into the plant, when the feeding

pump is switched off; Housing material: steel

Valves and shutters

**Container** Robust container in welded design is meant for placing of equipment

and component parts of installation. Container has all necessary doors

and service flaps, illuminated inside.

**Pipe lines** All component parts are connected by steel pipe lines. Pipes are

connected by flange joint.

**Painting** The external surfaces of the plant are primer painted 2 coats.

After primer painting are finished in two coats.

The manufacturer undertakes constant effort to improve functionality of the product. Alterations may be made to parts, units and assemblies of this product. These alterations do not affect the product's functionality and performance adversely in any way.



